

**SUFFOLK JOINT HEALTH AND WELLBEING STRATEGY**

Agenda Item 6 Appendix C



**STRATEGIC OUTCOMES, PRIORITY AREAS AND KEY INDICATORS**

Date last updated 28-May-13


Where Red/Amber/Green is shown = indicator tested and is statistically significantly higher/lower/similar to national average  
Where no colour is shown = indicator has not been tested for significance


PRIORITY AREAS	KEY MEASURES (INDICATORS)	DESCRIPTION	TIME PERIOD	SUFFOLK VALUE	ENGLAND	COMPARED TO ENGLAND	TREND SINCE LAST PERIOD	Notes		
<b>OUTCOME 1: Every child in Suffolk has the best start in life</b>										
1.1	Early Intervention and prevention	1.1.1	Decreased prevalence of smoking at delivery	Percentage of mothers smoking at time of delivery	2011-12	14.6%	13.2%	Higher	↓	
		1.1.2	Decreased under 18 conception	Conceptions among girls aged under 18 years per 1000 girls aged 15-17 years	2011	26.0	30.7	Lower	↓	
		1.1.3	Increased breast feeding rates	Percentage of all mothers who breastfeed their babies in the first 48 hours after delivery	2011-12	76.9%	74.0%	Higher	↑	
				Percentage of infants due a 6-8 week check that are totally or partially breastfed	2011-12	47.0%	47.2%	Similar	n.a. (new sub-indicator)	
		1.1.4	Increased uptake of free early learning for disadvantaged 2 year olds and universal offer for 3 and 4 year olds	Estimated number of eligible 2 year olds entitled to an early learning place (see note)	2013	1600	n.a	n.a (not yet officially reported on)	n.a. (new indicator)	These are provisional figures as this is a new measure. Service becomes statutory in September 2013. DfE have provided a baseline estimate of number of children likely to quality for service.
				Percentage of 3 and 4 year olds entitled to an early education place that took up the entitlement	Jan-12	97%	96%	Higher	↑	
		1.1.5	Increased 'good level of attainment' at age 5	Percentage of pupils scoring at least 78 points across all scales for the Early Years Foundation Stage Profile and at least 6 (out of 9) in each of the scales associated with Personal, Social & Emotional, and Communication, Language & Literacy	2012	61	64	Lower	↑	Note that this definition changed in the 2012-13 school year so future data will not be comparable with that shown here.
		1.1.6	Increased level of attainment at Key Stage 3 and 4	Percentage of pupils who attained Level 5+ in Key Stage 3 - English	2011	81%	82%	Lower	↑	Local Basket of Inequality Indicators (via NHS Information Centre Indicator Portal)
				Percentage of pupils who attained Level 5+ in Key Stage 3 - Maths	2011	82%	81%	Higher	↑	
				Percentage of pupils who attained Level 5+ in Key Stage 3 - Science	2011	84%	83%	Higher	↔	
Percentage of school pupils attaining 5+ A*-C incl. English and Mathematics GCSEs	2011-12			50.0%	58.4%	Lower	↓			
1.1.7	Decreased prevalence of overweight and obesity in 4-5-year olds	Percentage of children with valid height and weight measurements in Reception Year that are classified as overweight or obese	2011-12	21.4%	22.6%	Lower	↓			
1.1.8	Decreased prevalence of overweight and obesity in 10-11 year olds	Percentage of children with valid height and weight measurements in Year 6 that are classified as overweight or obese	2011-12	29.5%	33.9%	Lower	↓			
1.1.9	Decreased tooth decay in children aged 5	Mean number of teeth per child sampled which were either actively decayed, missing or filled (dmft)	2007-08	0.63	1.1	Lower	n.a.	Awaiting baseline data to be published. Data shown here are locally supplied.		

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1.2	Promoting family focus across the work of agencies including the 'Suffolk Family Focus' initiative	1.2.1	Improved school attendance	Percentage of half days missed by pupils due to overall absence (including authorised and unauthorised absence)	2010-11	5.81%	5.79%	Similar	↔	
		1.2.2	Reduced crime and antisocial behaviour	Crimes per 1,000 residents	January to March 2013	12.49	n.a	n.a	↓	Rolling 3 month figure. Compared to January to March 2012
				Incidents of anti-social behaviour per 1,000 population	2011-12	41	49	Lower	n.a. (change in definition since previous reporting period)	
		1.2.3	Reduced NEET in 16-18 year olds	Percentage of 16-18 year olds not in employment, education or training (NEET)	2011	6.4%	6.1%	Higher	↓	
		1.2.4	Reduction in reoffending	Percentage of offenders who re-offend from a 12 month rolling cohort	2010	26.7%	26.8%	Similar	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)	
Average number of re-offences committed per offender from a 12 month rolling cohort	2010			86.0%	77.0%	Higher	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)			
1.3	Supporting parents to improve their own circumstances	1.3.1	Increased uptake of evidence based parenting programmes							Awaiting response
<b>OUTCOME 2: Suffolk Residents have access to a healthy environment and take responsibility for their health and wellbeing</b>										
2.1	Creating an environment where it is easy to make healthy choices and take responsibility for own health	2.1.1	Decreased smoking prevalence in adults aged >18 years	Percentage of smoking amongst people aged 18+	2011-12	20.4%	20.0%	Similar	↔	
		2.1.2	Increased uptake of NHS Health Checks in those eligible	Percentage of eligible population aged 40-74 offered a NHS Health Check	2011-12	20.4%	14.0%	Higher	n.a. (geography different on previous data)	
				Percentage of eligible population aged 40-74 offered a NHS Health Check who received an NHS Health Check	2011-12	55.2%	51.2%	Higher	n.a. (geography different on previous data)	
		2.1.3	Increased detection and treatment of Chlamydia infection (15-24 year olds)	Rate of Chlamydia diagnosis per 100,000 young people aged 15-24 years.	2011	2025	2125	Similar	n.a. (geography different on previous data)	
		2.1.4	Increased uptake in cancer screening	The % of women aged 53-70 eligible for breast screening at a given point in time who were adequately screened within the last three years.	2012	81.3%	76.9%	Higher	n.a. (geography different on previous data)	
				The % of women 26-64 in a population eligible for cervical screening at a given point in time who were adequately screened within the last five years.	2012	77.6%	75.3%	Higher	↓	
2.1.5	Decreased killed or seriously injured casualties on Suffolk roads	Rate of people killed or seriously injured on the roads, all ages, per 100,000 resident population	2009-11	45.8	42.2	Higher	↓			

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2.2	Increasing the levels of physical activity and encouraging greater use of our natural environment. (This will also contribute to achieving 1.1.7, 1.1.8, 1.2.2, 3.2.1 and 32.3)	2.2.1	Reduction in prevalence of obese adults	Proportion of adults classed as overweight or obese	Awaiting baseline data to be published					
		2.2.2	Increase in the proportion of physically active adults	Proportion of adults (aged 16 and over) participating in no sessions of sport or physical activity at moderate intensity in the previous 28 days (0x30 minutes)	2010-11	26.3%	29.5%	Lower	n.a (no data with which to compare)	Awaiting baseline data to be published. Data shown here are locally supplied.
		2.2.2	Increase in the proportion of physically active adults	Proportion of adults (aged 16 and over) participating in sport and/or undertaking some form of physical activity at moderate intensity on 20 occasions in the previous 28 days (5 x 30 minutes per week).	2010-11	21.5%	23.4%	Lower	n.a (no data with which to compare)	Awaiting baseline data to be published. Data shown here are locally supplied.
		2.2.3	Increased utilisation of green space for exercise/health reason	Percentage of people using outdoor space for exercise/health reasons	March 2009 - February 2012	14%	14%	Similar	n.a. (no previous data with which to compare)	
2.3	Decreasing the harm caused by alcohol to individuals and communities	2.3.1	Decreasing the rate of alcohol related hospital admissions	Alcohol specific hospital admissions per 100,000 population (Adults)	2010/11	247.8	233.4	Higher		
		2.3.2	Reduced crime and antisocial behaviour	Crimes per 1,000 residents	January to March 2013	12.49	n.a	n.a		Rolling 3 month figure. Compared to January to March 2012
				Incidents of anti-social behaviour per 1,000 population	2011-12	41	49	Lower	n.a. (change in definition since previous reporting period)	From Iquanta
		2.3.3	Reduction in reoffending	Percentage of offenders who re-offend from a 12 month rolling cohort	2010	26.7%	26.8%	Similar	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)	
Average number of re-offences committed per offender from a 12 month rolling cohort	2010			86.0%	77.0%	Higher	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)			
2.4	Improving access to suitable housing	2.4.1	Decreased number of households in fuel poverty	Percentage of households needing to spend more than 10 per cent of its income on all fuel use to heat its home to an adequate standard of warmth.	2009	18.3%	18.4%	Similar	n.a (no data with which to compare)	Indicator definition requires further development. Data shown here are locally supplied.
		2.4.2	Increased proportion of affordable homes available							Awaiting response
		2.4.3	Less statutory homelessness	Homelessness acceptances per 1,000 households	2011-12	1.6	2.3	Lower	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)	
		2.4.4	Decreased proportion of households in temporary accommodation	Households in temporary accommodation per 1,000 households	2011-12	0.3	2.3	Lower	n.a. (no previous data with which to compare)	
		2.4.5	Decreasing excess winter deaths	The ratio of extra deaths from all causes that occur in the winter months compared to the average of the number of non-winter deaths of the same period	2006-09	18.7%	18.1%	Similar	n.a. (no previous data with which to compare)	Awaiting baseline data to be published. Data shown here are locally supplied.

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<b>OUTCOME 3: Older people in Suffolk have a good quality of life</b>										
3.1	Ensuring that health and social care services are integrated at the point of delivery	3.1.1	Decreasing emergency admissions within 30 days of discharge from hospital	Indirectly standardised percentage of emergency admissions to any hospital within 30 days of the previous discharge from hospital	2010-11	11.0	11.8	Lower	n.a. (no previous data with which to compare)	
		3.1.2	Proportion of people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement/rehabilitation services	Proportion of people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement/rehabilitation services	2011-12	66.2	82.7	Lower	n.a. (no previous data with which to compare)	
		3.1.3	Proportion of people who use services and their carers who reported that they had as much social contact as they would like							Awaiting response
		3.1.4	Increased proportion of people with long term conditions supported to manage their condition							Awaiting response
		3.1.5	Increased proportion of people who are able to die at home	Percentage of all deaths that occur in own home, annual average figure	2008-10	22.3%	20.3%	Higher		From National End of Life Care Profile
3.2	A focus on prevention including the promotion of healthy lifestyles and self care	3.2.1	Decreasing falls and injuries in the over 65s	Age-sex standardised rate of emergency hospital admissions for injuries due to falls in persons aged 65+ per 100,000 population	2011/12	1442	1665	Lower	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)	
		3.2.2	Decreasing hip fractures in the over 65s	Age-sex standardised rate of emergency admissions for fractured neck of femur in those aged 65+ per 100,000 population	2011-12	431.3	457.2	Similar	↔	
		3.2.3	Increased proportion of over 65s receiving self directed support	Percentage of people aged 65+ using social care who receive self directed support	2011-12	51.8	45.2	Higher	n.a. (no previous data with which to compare)	From Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework
		3.2.4	Increased proportion of vulnerable people achieving independent living							Awaiting response
		3.2.5	Increased community based opportunities to promote personal wellbeing indicative measures							Awaiting response
		3.2.6	Decreasing permanent admissions to residential and nursing care homes	Permanent admissions of older people (65+) to residential and nursing care homes per 100,000 population	2011-12	759.2	695.9	Higher	n.a. (no previous data with which to compare)	From Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework
3.3	A focus on reducing loneliness and social isolation for older people	3.3.1	Increased self reported well being	Low satisfaction score - Percentage of respondents scoring 0-6 to the question 'Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays?'	2011/12	24.1%	24.3%	Similar	n.a (no data with which to compare)	
				Low worthwhile score - Percentage of respondents scoring 0-6 to the question 'Overall, to what extent do you feel the things you do in your life are worthwhile?'	2011/12	18.6%	20.1%	Similar	n.a (no data with which to compare)	
				Low happiness score - Percentage of respondents scoring 0-6 to the question 'Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?'	2011/12	24.9%	29.0%	Lower	n.a (no data with which to compare)	
				High anxiety score - Percentage of respondents scoring 4-10 to the question 'Overall, how anxious did you feel yesterday?'	2011/12	37.3%	40.1%	Similar	n.a (no data with which to compare)	
				Average Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Well-Being Scale (WEMWBS) score for adults (16+)	Awaiting data to be published					

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<b>OUTCOME 4: People in Suffolk have the opportunity to improve their mental health and wellbeing</b>										
4.1	Ensure that mental health is everyone's business and not just health, social care and the voluntary sector but employers, education, and the criminal justice system	4.1.1	Increased rates of employment for those with a long-term health condition including those with a learning difficulty/disability or mental illness	Indicator definition to be confirmed						
		4.1.2	An increase in the proportion of people with mental illness or disability in appropriate settled accommodation	Percentage of adults with a learning disability who are known to the Council who are recorded as living in their own home or with their family	2011-12	30.9%	70.0%	Lower	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)	
		4.1.3	An increase in the proportion of people assessed for substance dependency issues when entering Suffolk prisons	Percentage of adults receiving SMHS living independently at the time of their most recent assessment, formal review or other multi-disciplinary care planning meeting	2010-11	75.5%	66.8%	Higher	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)	
		4.1.4	Decreasing people in prison who have a mental illness or significant mental illness							Awaiting response
		4.1.5	Increased rates of adults in contact with mental health service in employment	Employment rate of people with a mental illness	April to June 2011	44.1%	43.1%	Higher		Data is published quarterly in NHS Outcomes Framework Indicator 2.5
		4.2	Increase access to support for improving the emotional health and wellbeing of children including access to child and adolescent mental health services	4.2.1	Improved emotional wellbeing of looked after children	Average difficulties score for all looked after children aged 4-16 who have been in care for at least 12 months on 31st March	2011/12	16.0	13.8	Higher
		4.2.2	Decreased hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in under 18s	Crude rate of emergency hospital admission due to injury in persons aged 0-17 per 10,000 resident population.	2010-11	105.6	124.3	Lower	n.a (no data with which to compare)	Indicator definition requires further development. Data shown here are locally supplied.

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4.3	Ensure that there is a seamless mental health provision across agencies but also for those with multiple problems (drug and alcohol misuse, and mental ill health)	4.3.1	Increasing successful completion of drug treatment - opiate users	Number of opiate drug users that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within six months as a proportion of the total number in treatment	2011	5.0	8.6	Lower	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)	
			Increasing successful completion of drug treatment - non-opiate users	Number of non-opiate drug users that left drug treatment successfully (free of drug(s) of dependence) who do not then re-present to treatment again within six months as a proportion of the total number in treatment	2011	29.0	39.5	Lower	n.a (change in sub-indicator definition)	
		4.3.2	Increased young people in drug or alcohol treatment referred from child and families service	Percentage of young people (<18) in structured drug or alcohol treatment that have been referred from Child and Families Services	2011-12	5%	n.a	n.a		Not from PHOF. Definition requires confirmation.
		4.3.3	Increasing adults in alcohol treatment referred from criminal justice	Percentage of adults in structured alcohol treatment referred from the criminal justice system	2011-12	7.1%	8.3%	Similar	n.a. (no previous data with which to compare)	Fingertips (ERPHO)
		4.4.1	The above indicators and					As above		
4.4	Bringing together all elements of physical and mental wellbeing in recognition that physical and mental health are inter-dependent	4.4.2	Decreased under 75 mortality in adults with serious mental illness		Awaiting data to be published					
		4.4.3	Decreased rates of suicide	Directly standardised mortality rate per 100,000 population for self-harm and injury undetermined, all ages	2009-11	8.9	7.9	Similar	